

harriet tubman dbq

harriet tubman dbq is a crucial topic for understanding the legacy of one of America's most heroic figures in the fight against slavery. This document-based question (DBQ) typically requires a comprehensive analysis of Harriet Tubman's life, her role in the Underground Railroad, and her contributions during the Civil War. Exploring the historical context, primary sources, and the impact of Tubman's actions provides valuable insights into her significance in American history. This article will guide readers through the essential elements involved in a Harriet Tubman DBQ, including background information, key themes, and strategies for analyzing relevant documents. By delving into her courageous efforts and leadership, students and researchers can better appreciate the complexities and achievements embodied by Tubman's story. The following sections will outline the major aspects necessary for a thorough Harriet Tubman DBQ response.

- Historical Background of Harriet Tubman
- Harriet Tubman's Role in the Underground Railroad
- Harriet Tubman During the Civil War
- Analyzing Primary Sources in a Harriet Tubman DBQ
- Strategies for Writing a Harriet Tubman DBQ Essay

Historical Background of Harriet Tubman

Understanding the historical background of Harriet Tubman is essential for any Harriet Tubman DBQ. Born into slavery around 1822 in Maryland, Tubman experienced firsthand the brutal realities of enslavement. Despite suffering a severe head injury as a child, she developed remarkable resilience and determination. Her early life under slavery shaped her unwavering commitment to freedom and justice. Tubman escaped slavery in 1849, but instead of settling into a life of safety, she risked everything to return to the South multiple times to rescue others. The historical context of Tubman's life is intertwined with the antebellum period, the abolitionist movement, and the growing sectional tensions in the United States.

Early Life and Enslavement

Harriet Tubman, originally named Araminta Ross, was born into a life of forced labor and oppression. Her family was enslaved on plantations where she endured harsh working conditions. Tubman's injuries from an accident as a child caused lifelong health problems, but she used her physical and mental strength to resist the dehumanizing effects of slavery. The experience of bondage deeply influenced her later activism and leadership.

Escape to Freedom

In 1849, Tubman successfully escaped slavery, fleeing north to Philadelphia. Her journey was perilous, involving travel by night and reliance on secret routes and sympathetic allies. This escape marked the beginning of her extraordinary work as a conductor on the Underground Railroad, where she helped others find freedom. Tubman's personal experience of escape provides important context for interpreting documents in a Harriet Tubman DBQ.

Harriet Tubman's Role in the Underground Railroad

The Underground Railroad was a secret network of routes and safe houses used to help enslaved African Americans escape to free states and Canada. Harriet Tubman emerged as one of the most effective and courageous conductors on this network. Her role in the Underground Railroad is a central focus of many Harriet Tubman DBQ assignments, highlighting her leadership, bravery, and strategic skills in the abolitionist movement.

Conducting Missions to Rescue Slaves

Tubman made at least 13 missions to the South, guiding approximately 70 enslaved people to freedom. She employed disguises, coded messages, and intimate knowledge of the terrain to outwit slave catchers. Tubman's missions were characterized by meticulous planning and a deep commitment to the cause of liberation. Her success rates were remarkable, as she never lost a passenger on these dangerous journeys.

Challenges and Risks Faced

Operating as a conductor on the Underground Railroad involved extreme risks, including capture, violence, and death. Tubman faced constant threats from slaveholders and law enforcement. The Fugitive Slave Act of 1850 intensified these dangers by mandating the return of escaped slaves and penalizing those who aided them. Despite these obstacles, Tubman's unwavering resolve and tactical savvy allowed her to continue her rescue missions.

Impact on the Abolitionist Movement

Harriet Tubman's work on the Underground Railroad had a profound impact on the abolitionist movement. She became a symbol of resistance and hope for enslaved people and abolitionists alike. Her actions helped galvanize support for anti-slavery causes and exposed the inhumanity of slavery to a wider audience. Tubman's legacy in this role is central to understanding the broader struggle for emancipation.

Harriet Tubman During the Civil War

Beyond her efforts on the Underground Railroad, Harriet Tubman played a significant role during the American Civil War. She served as a nurse, cook, scout, and spy for the Union Army. Tubman's wartime contributions demonstrate her versatility and dedication to the fight against slavery and oppression. These aspects are often explored in Harriet Tubman DBQ prompts to illustrate her multifaceted impact on American history.

Service as a Nurse and Caregiver

Tubman provided medical care and support to wounded soldiers and freed slaves during the Civil War. Her knowledge of herbal remedies and caregiving skills were invaluable in military camps and hospitals. This humanitarian role underscored her commitment to improving the lives of African Americans beyond the battlefield.

Espionage and Military Leadership

Perhaps most notably, Harriet Tubman worked as a scout and spy for the Union Army. She gathered intelligence on Confederate troop movements and helped plan raids. Tubman's leadership was instrumental in the Combahee River Raid of 1863, which liberated over 700 enslaved people. This military involvement highlights her strategic capabilities and courage under fire.

Analyzing Primary Sources in a Harriet Tubman DBQ

Success in a Harriet Tubman DBQ depends largely on the ability to analyze and interpret primary source documents effectively. These sources may include letters, speeches, autobiographies, newspaper articles, and government records. Developing skills to critically assess these materials is essential for constructing a coherent and persuasive essay.

Types of Primary Sources

Common primary sources related to Harriet Tubman include her own narratives, abolitionist writings, contemporary newspaper accounts, and military records. Each type offers unique perspectives and evidence regarding Tubman's life and achievements.

Evaluating Sources for Bias and Perspective

Analyzing the authorship, purpose, and context of sources is crucial. For example, abolitionist accounts may emphasize Tubman's heroism, while some contemporary newspapers might reflect racial biases. Recognizing these factors helps in understanding

the reliability and intent behind each document.

Using Evidence to Support Arguments

Incorporating direct quotations and specific details from documents strengthens an essay's arguments. It is important to explain how the evidence relates to the question and contributes to a broader understanding of Harriet Tubman's historical role.

Strategies for Writing a Harriet Tubman DBQ Essay

Effective essay writing strategies are vital for producing a well-organized and insightful Harriet Tubman DBQ response. Careful planning, clear thesis development, and structured argumentation enhance the quality of the essay.

Developing a Strong Thesis Statement

The thesis should clearly address the prompt, reflecting an understanding of Harriet Tubman's significance. It must be specific, arguable, and supported by evidence from the documents.

Organizing the Essay Structure

Typically, a DBQ essay includes an introduction, body paragraphs that analyze documents and provide context, and a conclusion. Each paragraph should focus on a central idea and use relevant evidence.

Incorporating Outside Knowledge

Integrating additional historical facts beyond the documents enriches the analysis. For a Harriet Tubman DBQ, this might include details about the abolitionist movement, slavery laws, or the Civil War.

Checklist for Writing

- Read all documents carefully and annotate key points
- Identify common themes and differing viewpoints
- Plan the essay with an outline before writing
- Use evidence from multiple sources to support claims

- Maintain focus on the prompt throughout the essay
- Proofread for clarity, grammar, and coherence

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the main focus of a Harriet Tubman DBQ?

A Harriet Tubman DBQ (Document-Based Question) typically focuses on analyzing primary and secondary sources to understand Harriet Tubman's role in the Underground Railroad, her impact on the abolitionist movement, and her legacy in American history.

What types of documents are commonly included in a Harriet Tubman DBQ?

Documents in a Harriet Tubman DBQ often include excerpts from Harriet Tubman's own narratives, abolitionist writings, historical accounts of the Underground Railroad, and government records related to slavery and emancipation.

How can students effectively analyze documents in a Harriet Tubman DBQ?

Students can effectively analyze documents by identifying the author's perspective, purpose, and context, comparing multiple sources, and connecting the information to broader historical themes such as slavery, resistance, and freedom.

Why is Harriet Tubman an important figure to study in a DBQ about the Underground Railroad?

Harriet Tubman is crucial to study because she was a key conductor on the Underground Railroad, personally leading many enslaved people to freedom and symbolizing courage, leadership, and the fight against slavery.

What themes are commonly explored in Harriet Tubman DBQs?

Common themes include resistance to slavery, the struggle for freedom, the role of women in social movements, the impact of abolitionism, and the historical significance of the Underground Railroad.

Additional Resources

1. *Harriet Tubman: The Road to Freedom*

This biography explores the life of Harriet Tubman, focusing on her courageous efforts in leading enslaved people to freedom via the Underground Railroad. The book provides historical context about the era of slavery and abolitionist movements. It offers firsthand accounts and primary sources, making it an excellent resource for DBQ essays.

2. *Bound for the Promised Land: Harriet Tubman, Portrait of an American Hero*

Written for young adults, this book delves into Harriet Tubman's early life, her escape from slavery, and her role as a conductor on the Underground Railroad. It highlights her bravery and strategic thinking in guiding hundreds to freedom. The narrative is supported by historical documents and illustrations.

3. *Harriet Tubman and the Fight for Freedom: A Brief History with Documents*

This collection combines a concise biography of Harriet Tubman with a rich selection of primary documents, including letters, speeches, and contemporary newspaper articles. It provides students with the tools to analyze historical evidence and develop arguments based on Tubman's life and legacy. Ideal for DBQ preparation.

4. *Harriet Tubman: Conductor on the Underground Railroad*

This book offers a detailed account of Tubman's daring missions to rescue enslaved individuals, emphasizing her leadership and resourcefulness. It contextualizes her work within the broader abolitionist movement and Civil War era. The text includes maps, timelines, and excerpts from historical documents.

5. *Slave Narratives: Harriet Tubman*

Part of a larger collection of slave narratives, this volume includes firsthand accounts related to Harriet Tubman's life and the experiences of those she helped. The narrative provides insight into the harsh realities of slavery and the courage required to seek freedom. It serves as a primary source resource for DBQ essays.

6. *Harriet Tubman's Path to Freedom*

This illustrated biography traces Tubman's journey from enslavement to becoming a key figure in the Underground Railroad. It highlights her personal sacrifices and the broader social and political challenges of the time. The book is designed to engage readers with both narrative and documentary evidence.

7. *Harriet Tubman: Myth, Memory, and History*

This scholarly work examines how Harriet Tubman's legacy has been shaped over time through myths, commemorations, and historical scholarship. It encourages critical thinking about historical narratives and the construction of heroism. Useful for understanding different perspectives in DBQ essays.

8. *Harriet Tubman and the Underground Railroad: In Her Own Words*

Featuring excerpts from letters, interviews, and speeches by Harriet Tubman herself, this book offers a personal glimpse into her motivations and experiences. It provides valuable primary source material that helps students analyze Tubman's impact on the abolitionist movement.

9. *Harriet Tubman: The Moses of Her People*

This classic biography portrays Harriet Tubman as a heroic figure akin to the biblical Moses, leading her people to freedom. The book combines narrative storytelling with historical facts and is rich with primary source references. It's a foundational text for understanding Tubman's enduring significance.

Harriet Tubman Dbq

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Harriet Tubman DBQ: Unlocking the Secrets of the Underground Railroad

Escape the frustration of confusing historical documents! Are you struggling to analyze primary sources, synthesize information effectively, and construct a compelling DBQ essay on Harriet Tubman and the Underground Railroad? Do you feel overwhelmed by the sheer volume of information and unsure how to craft a focused, insightful argument? This ebook provides the roadmap you need to navigate the complexities of Harriet Tubman's life and her pivotal role in the fight for freedom. It empowers you to master the DBQ format, transforming daunting historical research into a rewarding and successful academic experience.

This ebook, *Unlocking the Legacy: A Guide to the Harriet Tubman DBQ*, offers:

Introduction: Understanding the DBQ Essay Format and the Significance of Harriet Tubman

Chapter 1: Analyzing Primary Sources: Deciphering Letters, Diaries, and Accounts

Chapter 2: Synthesizing Information: Connecting the Dots and Building Your Argument

Chapter 3: Developing a Thesis Statement: Crafting a Clear and Focused Argument

Chapter 4: Structuring Your Essay: Organizing Your Evidence for Maximum Impact

Chapter 5: Writing a Compelling Narrative: Bringing Harriet Tubman's Story to Life

Chapter 6: Analyzing Historical Context: Understanding the Larger Picture

Chapter 7: Avoiding Common Pitfalls: Tips for Success in DBQ Writing

Conclusion: Mastering the Harriet Tubman DBQ and Beyond

Unlocking the Legacy: A Guide to the Harriet Tubman DBQ

Introduction: Understanding the DBQ Essay Format and the Significance of Harriet Tubman

The Document-Based Question (DBQ) essay is a cornerstone of history assessments. It tests your ability to analyze primary source documents, synthesize information from various perspectives, and construct a well-supported argument within a specific historical context. Choosing Harriet Tubman as a DBQ subject presents a rich tapestry of historical sources, from personal narratives and letters to official government records and abolitionist literature. This introduction lays the groundwork for understanding the structure of a successful DBQ and the importance of understanding Harriet Tubman's multifaceted legacy.

The significance of Harriet Tubman in American history cannot be overstated. Her courage, determination, and unwavering commitment to freedom made her a pivotal figure in the Underground Railroad, rescuing countless enslaved people from bondage. Beyond her direct actions, Tubman's life symbolizes the resilience of the human spirit in the face of unimaginable oppression. Understanding her contributions requires careful analysis of diverse primary sources, each offering a unique perspective on her life and the context in which she operated. This ebook will equip you with the necessary tools to navigate these complexities.

Chapter 1: Analyzing Primary Sources: Deciphering Letters, Diaries, and Accounts

This chapter focuses on the crucial skill of analyzing primary source documents. A successful DBQ relies heavily on the effective interpretation of these sources. We'll explore different types of primary sources relevant to Harriet Tubman, including:

Personal Narratives: Analyzing Harriet Tubman's own recollections of her life, her escape from slavery, and her work on the Underground Railroad. This requires understanding the potential biases and limitations of autobiographical accounts. We will examine techniques for critically evaluating the author's perspective, purpose, and intended audience.

Letters and Correspondence: Examining letters written by Harriet Tubman, abolitionists, and enslaved people. These documents provide insights into the challenges and triumphs of the Underground Railroad, illuminating the network of support and communication that facilitated escapes. We will focus on identifying key themes, analyzing tone, and understanding the context in which these letters were written.

Government Documents: Analyzing official records such as census data, slave manifests, and fugitive slave act documents. These provide valuable information about the legal and social context of slavery and the risks associated with the Underground Railroad. We will learn how to extract relevant information from these often complex documents and connect them to other sources.

Newspaper Articles and Abolitionist Literature: Examining contemporary accounts of Harriet Tubman's activities and the Underground Railroad. These sources provide a broader context and offer insights into public perception and the political climate of the time. We will discuss how to assess the reliability and potential biases of journalistic and advocacy-driven accounts.

By understanding the nuances of these primary sources, you'll be able to extract meaningful information and use them effectively to support your arguments in the DBQ essay.

Chapter 2: Synthesizing Information: Connecting the Dots and Building Your Argument

Synthesizing information from multiple primary sources is paramount to a successful DBQ. This chapter focuses on the strategies for connecting disparate pieces of evidence to construct a coherent and persuasive argument. We'll explore techniques such as:

Identifying Common Themes: Identifying recurring ideas, patterns, and perspectives across various sources to reveal underlying connections and build a cohesive narrative.

Comparing and Contrasting Sources: Analyzing similarities and differences between different accounts to gain a deeper understanding of the complexities of Harriet Tubman's life and the Underground Railroad.

Evaluating Conflicting Evidence: Addressing discrepancies and inconsistencies between sources, explaining potential reasons for these differences, and incorporating them into a nuanced argument.

Building a Logical Argument: Organizing evidence strategically to create a clear and compelling narrative that directly addresses the DBQ prompt. This includes structuring paragraphs logically, using transitions effectively, and providing sufficient evidence for each claim.

This chapter provides practical exercises and examples to help you master the art of synthesis, transforming seemingly disparate information into a powerful argument.

Chapter 3: Developing a Thesis Statement: Crafting a Clear and Focused Argument

A strong thesis statement is the foundation of any successful DBQ essay. This chapter guides you through the process of crafting a clear, concise, and argumentative thesis statement that directly addresses the prompt and provides a roadmap for your essay. We will cover:

Understanding the Prompt: Carefully analyzing the DBQ prompt to identify the key question and the specific historical context.

Formulating an Argument: Developing a clear and defensible position on the topic based on your analysis of the primary sources.

Creating a Concise Statement: Expressing your argument in a single, well-structured sentence that clearly states your main point.

Developing Supporting Arguments: Identifying specific points of evidence that support your thesis statement and foreshadowing the main points of your essay.

By mastering the creation of a powerful thesis statement, you'll lay the groundwork for a well-organized and persuasive essay.

Chapter 4: Structuring Your Essay: Organizing Your Evidence for Maximum Impact

This chapter focuses on the organizational structure of the DBQ essay. A well-structured essay enhances readability, ensures a logical flow of ideas, and makes it easier for the reader to follow your argument. We will explore:

Introduction Paragraph: Crafting an effective introduction that sets the stage for your essay, provides context, and states your thesis statement clearly.

Body Paragraphs: Organizing your evidence into logical paragraphs, each focused on a specific aspect of your argument. This includes topic sentences, supporting evidence, and concluding sentences.

Using Transitions: Employing effective transitions to create a smooth flow between paragraphs and connect ideas logically.

Conclusion Paragraph: Summarizing your main points and restating your thesis in a new and insightful way.

This chapter provides templates and examples of well-structured DBQ essays to illustrate the principles of effective organization.

Chapter 5: Writing a Compelling Narrative: Bringing Harriet Tubman's Story to Life

While the DBQ requires rigorous analysis, it also benefits from engaging storytelling. This chapter explores how to bring Harriet Tubman's story to life while maintaining academic rigor. We'll examine techniques such as:

Incorporating Quotations: Effectively integrating quotes from primary sources to support your arguments and add depth and richness to your writing.

Using Vivid Language: Employing descriptive language to create a more engaging and memorable essay without sacrificing accuracy.

Maintaining Objectivity: Balancing engaging storytelling with a critical and objective perspective, acknowledging biases and limitations.

Show, Don't Tell: Using concrete examples and detailed descriptions to demonstrate your points rather than simply stating them.

This chapter empowers you to create an essay that is both informative and captivating.

Chapter 6: Analyzing Historical Context: Understanding the Larger Picture

Understanding the broader historical context is crucial for a successful DBQ. This chapter explores the social, political, and economic factors that shaped Harriet Tubman's life and her work on the Underground Railroad:

Slavery in the United States: Examining the institution of slavery and its impact on American society.
The Abolitionist Movement: Understanding the goals and strategies of the abolitionist movement and its relationship to the Underground Railroad.

The Fugitive Slave Act: Analyzing the legal and social implications of this act and its impact on enslaved people seeking freedom.

The Civil War: Understanding the role of the Civil War in ending slavery and its relationship to Harriet Tubman's life and legacy.

By placing Harriet Tubman's story within its broader historical context, you'll gain a deeper understanding of her significance and be able to construct a more nuanced and insightful argument.

Chapter 7: Avoiding Common Pitfalls: Tips for Success in DBQ Writing

This chapter addresses common mistakes students make when writing DBQ essays, offering practical advice on how to avoid them. We'll cover:

Failing to Address the Prompt: Emphasizing the importance of carefully reading and understanding the prompt and ensuring your essay directly addresses it.

Over-Reliance on One Source: Highlighting the need to synthesize information from multiple sources to construct a well-supported argument.

Lack of Analysis: Demonstrating how to move beyond simple summary and engage in critical analysis of primary sources.

Poor Organization: Reiterating the importance of a well-structured essay with a clear thesis statement, logical paragraphs, and effective transitions.

Ignoring Historical Context: Stressing the need to understand the broader historical context and incorporate it into your analysis.

Conclusion: Mastering the Harriet Tubman DBQ and Beyond

This ebook has provided you with the tools and strategies necessary to master the Harriet Tubman DBQ. By applying the techniques discussed, you can confidently analyze primary sources, synthesize information, and construct a compelling and well-supported argument. The skills you develop in this process are transferable to other historical writing assignments and will serve you well in your academic endeavors. Remember, Harriet Tubman's story is a testament to the power of resilience and the enduring struggle for freedom – a story worthy of careful study and profound understanding.

FAQs

1. What types of primary sources are typically included in a Harriet Tubman DBQ? Letters, diaries, personal narratives, government documents, newspaper articles, and abolitionist literature are common.
2. How do I synthesize information from multiple primary sources? Look for common themes, compare and contrast perspectives, and evaluate conflicting evidence to build a coherent argument.
3. How do I write a strong thesis statement for a Harriet Tubman DBQ? Clearly state your argument in a single sentence, focusing on the specific question posed by the prompt.
4. What is the best way to organize my DBQ essay? Use a clear introduction, well-developed body paragraphs, and a strong conclusion, ensuring a logical flow of ideas.
5. How can I make my DBQ essay more engaging? Incorporate vivid language, use effective quotations, and tell a compelling story while maintaining academic rigor.
6. How important is historical context in a Harriet Tubman DBQ? Crucial! Understanding the broader context of slavery, abolitionism, and the Civil War is essential for a nuanced analysis.
7. What are common mistakes to avoid in DBQ writing? Failing to address the prompt, over-relying on one source, lack of analysis, poor organization, and ignoring historical context.
8. Where can I find reliable primary sources on Harriet Tubman? Libraries, archives, online databases (e.g., Library of Congress), and reputable historical websites.
9. How can I practice writing DBQ essays? Use practice prompts, seek feedback from teachers or peers, and review example essays.

Related Articles

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harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Catherine Clinton, 2004 With impeccable scholarship that draws on newly available sources and research into the daily lives of slaves, Harriet Tubman is an enduring work on one of the most important figures in American history.

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Nancy J. Nielsen, 2002 A biography of the African American woman best known for her work with the Underground Railroad, describing her childhood as a slave, her escape to the North, her assistance to the Union during the Civil War, and her accomplishments during the Reconstruction years in helping former slaves adapt to freedom.

harriet tubman dbq: HARRIET TUBMAN NARAYAN CHANGDER, 2024-02-03 THE HARRIET TUBMAN MCQ (MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS) SERVES AS A VALUABLE RESOURCE FOR INDIVIDUALS AIMING TO DEEPEN THEIR UNDERSTANDING OF VARIOUS COMPETITIVE EXAMS, CLASS TESTS, QUIZ COMPETITIONS, AND SIMILAR ASSESSMENTS. WITH ITS EXTENSIVE COLLECTION OF MCQS, THIS BOOK EMPOWERS YOU TO ASSESS YOUR GRASP OF THE SUBJECT MATTER AND YOUR PROFICIENCY LEVEL. BY ENGAGING WITH THESE MULTIPLE-CHOICE QUESTIONS, YOU CAN IMPROVE YOUR KNOWLEDGE OF THE SUBJECT, IDENTIFY AREAS FOR IMPROVEMENT, AND LAY A SOLID FOUNDATION. DIVE INTO THE HARRIET TUBMAN MCQ TO EXPAND YOUR HARRIET TUBMAN KNOWLEDGE AND EXCEL IN QUIZ COMPETITIONS, ACADEMIC STUDIES, OR PROFESSIONAL ENDEAVORS. THE ANSWERS TO THE QUESTIONS ARE PROVIDED AT THE END OF EACH PAGE, MAKING IT EASY FOR PARTICIPANTS TO VERIFY THEIR ANSWERS AND PREPARE EFFECTIVELY.

harriet tubman dbq: Fostering Diversity and Inclusion in the Social Sciences Amy Samuels, Gregory L. Samuels, 2021-08-01 The United States' social and economic inequities stood in high relief during the COVID-19 pandemic, spotlighting the glaringly disproportionate systemic injustices related to public health and the economic impact on minoritized communities. Realities of structural and institutionalized racism and classism were exposed to greater degrees as we sought to understand and investigate the inequitable impact regarding health and income disparities for African American, Latinx, and Native American communities, as well as racial violence explicitly targeting Asian American communities. Further exacerbating the polarized sociopolitical landscape amidst the pandemic, the murder of George Floyd in May 2020, witnessed by countless people around the world, resulted in anguish and drew heightened attention to the insidious racial injustice and ongoing racial violence that continues to plague the nation. As many advocates took to the streets in an attempt to have their voices heard in the continued struggle for racial equality, the

federal government tried to further silence those who have been historically placed on the margins, including the attack of critical race theory, antiracism work in education, and training for diversity and inclusion. Consequently, it is imperative social science educators are equipped with the knowledge, tools, and dispositions to facilitate learning that explores the implications of power, privilege, and oppression and ask important questions to ensure voices that have been muffled, or silenced altogether, are strategically unsilenced, voiced, and valued. Given the perpetuation of inequities, existing educational disparities, and the continued need for reconciliation, this volume explores how the social sciences can be examined and reimagined to combat injustices and support further diversity, equity, and inclusion. Authors explore how educators can (a) understand how knowledge is constructed, shaped, and influences how students see the world, (b) problematize current curricular approaches and reframe instructional practices, (c) employ a critical lens to attend to and proactively address existing challenges and inequities related to race, (d) infuse their teaching with greater attention to diversity and inclusion for all students; and (e) promote increased awareness, advocacy, and educational justice. Through the examination of research, theory, and practitioner-oriented strategies, the authors encourage reflection, inspire calls for action, and explore how to teach about, proactively challenge, and encourage continued examination of society to support progress through increased critical consciousness, cultural competence, and critical multiculturalism.

harriet tubman dbq: Scenes in the Life of Harriet Tubman Sarah Hopkins Bradford, 1869
Scenes in the Life of Harriet Tubman: By SARAH H. BRADFORD. [Special Illustrated Edition]

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Megan McClard, 1991 Biography of the courageous woman who rose from slavery to become a heroine.

harriet tubman dbq: *The Extraordinary Life Story of Harriet Tubman* Sarah H. Bradford, 2024-01-15 This carefully crafted ebook: *The Extraordinary Life Story of Harriet Tubman* is formatted for your eReader with a functional and detailed table of contents. As her biographer Sarah H. Bradford mentions, Harriet Tubman is at par with biggest names like Jeanne D'Arc, Grace Darling, and Florence Nightingale in terms of her resilience, courage and do-or-die dedication in liberating her people from the bondages of slavery. Tubman who was herself born into slavery in Maryland in 1822 took over the responsibility of helping and guiding other slaves to freedom after her own escape to Philadelphia in 1849. Traveling by night and in extreme secrecy, Tubman never lost a passenger. When the Civil War began, Tubman worked for the Union Army, first as a cook and nurse, and then as an armed scout and spy. She was the first woman to lead an armed expedition in the war and to guide the raid at Combahee Ferry, which liberated more than 700 slaves. Excerpt: The whip was in sight on the mantel-piece, as a reminder of what was to be expected if the work was not done well. Harriet fixed the furniture as she was told to do, and swept with all her strength, raising a tremendous dust. The moment she had finished sweeping, she took her dusting cloth, and wiped everything so you could see your face in 'em, de shone so, in haste to go and set the table for breakfast, and do her other work. The dust which she had set flying only settled down again on chairs, tables, and the piano. Miss Susan came in and looked around.... (*Scenes in the Life of Harriet Tubman*) Sarah H. Bradford (1818-1912) was an American writer, historian and one of the first American women writers to specialize in children's literature, predating better-known writers such as Louisa May Alcott. Bradford was also a very close friend of Tubman and a contemporary of Harriet Beecher Stowe, the author of *Uncle Tom's Cabin*.

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Kerry Walters, 2019-11-22 *Harriet Tubman: A Life in American History* is an indispensable resource for high school and college students about the life and times of anti-slavery activist Harriet Tubman, who exemplifies how slaves took the initiative to free themselves and others. Harriet Tubman served a pivotal role in leading slaves to freedom in the decade before the Civil War. This biography offers a demythologized chronicle of her life and work with information about her life as a slave, role as conductor on the Underground Railroad, work as a military scout during the Civil War, and postwar activism for blacks and women. The book provides valuable context that situates Harriet Tubman against the backdrop of the slavery debate in

antebellum America, and the hardships endured by ex-slaves in postbellum America. As such, the timeframe covers nearly a full century, from the first quarter of the 19th to the first quarter of the 20th. In addition to ten biographical chapters and a short timeline, Harriet Tubman includes an interpretive essay reflecting on her importance in American history. The volume also includes an appendix of primary documents about Tubman's life and work, a bibliography, and a number of sidebars and short commentaries embedded in the text, inviting readers to explore connections between Tubman's life and political, intellectual, and social culture.

harriet tubman dbq: "Myne Owne Ground" T. H. Breen, Stephen Innes, 2005 During the earliest decades of Virginia history, some men and women who arrived in the New World as slaves achieved freedom and formed a stable community on the Eastern shore. Holding their own with white neighbors for much of the 17th century, these free blacks purchased freedom for family members, amassed property, established plantations, and acquired laborers. T.H. Breen and Stephen Innes reconstruct a community in which ownership of property was as significant as skin color in structuring social relations. Why this model of social interaction in race relations did not survive makes this a critical and urgent work of history.

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman M. J. Cosson, 2008 See how Harriet Tubman impacted humanity, shaped the world, and changed the course of history.

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Rose Blue, Corinne J. Naden, 2002-12-01 A biography recounts the life of the African-American woman who spent her childhood in slavery and later worked to help other slaves escape north to freedom through the Underground Railroad.

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Marie Patterson, 2005-05-31 Inspirational and engaging, this biography of Harriet Tubman will have readers enthralled as they learn about slavery, the Underground Railroad, and Tubman's incredible accomplishments in helping free slaves. Featuring plenty of intriguing facts, vivid images and illustrations, and supportive text, this book also teaches readers about abolitionists and the Fugitive Slave Act. For further support in understanding the vocabulary and content, a glossary and table of contents is provided.

harriet tubman dbq: Negro Makers of History Carter Godwin Woodson, 1928

harriet tubman dbq: Scenes in the Life of Harriet Tubman Sarah H. Bradford, 2019-10-15 Scenes in the Life of Harriet Tubman is a biography of Harriet Tubman, written by Sarah Hopkins Bradford in 1869, four years after the end of the Civil War. The book describes life and adventures of Tubman, an escaped slave, who had helped many escaped slaves travel to the northern States and Canada before the Civil War, using the Underground Railroad. Bradford wrote this book, using extensive interviews with Tubman, to raise funds for Tubman's support. Harriet Tubman, born Araminta Ross, (c. 1822 - 1913) was an American abolitionist, humanitarian, and an armed scout and spy for the United States Army during the American Civil War. Born into slavery, Tubman escaped and subsequently made some thirteen missions to rescue approximately seventy enslaved people, family and friends, using the network of antislavery activists and safe houses known as the Underground Railroad. Sarah Hopkins Bradford (1818 - 1912) was an American writer and historian, best known today for her two pioneering biographical books on Harriet Tubman. Bradford was one of the first Caucasian writers to deal with African-American topics, and her work attracted worldwide fame, selling very well. Contents: Scenes in the Life of Harriet Tubman Some Scenes in the Life of Harriet Tubman Extracts From a Letter Written by Mr. Sanborn, Secretary of the Massachusetts Board of State Charities Statements Made by Martin I. Townsend, Esq., of Troy, Who Was Counsel for the Fugitive, Charles Nalle Essay on Woman-whipping Harriet, The Moses of Her People

harriet tubman dbq: The Literacy Cookbook Sarah Tantillo, 2012-11-13 Proven methods for teaching reading comprehension to all students The Literacy Cookbook is filled with classroom-tested techniques for teaching reading comprehension to even the most hard-to-reach students. The book offers a review of approaches that are targeted for teaching reading, writing, speaking and listening skills. The book also includes information on how to connect reading, writing, and test prep. Contains accessible and easy-to-adopt recipes for strengthening comprehension,

reading, writing, and oral fluency. Terrific resources are ready for download on the companion website. The materials in this book are aligned with the English Language Arts Common Core Standards The website includes an ELA Common Core Tracking Sheet, a handy resource when writing or evaluating curriculum.

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Maryann N. Weidt, 2003 A biography of Harriet Tubman, anti-slavery activist and conductor on the underground railroad.

harriet tubman dbq: Common Sense Thomas Paine, 1918

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Bree Burns, 1992 A biography of the Afro-American woman best known for her work with the underground railroad, describing her childhood as a slave, her escape to the North, her work during the Civil War, and more.

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Janey Levy, 2020-07-15 Harriet Tubman is well known for her work as an abolitionist and a conductor on the Underground Railroad. Her life was one of extraordinary suffering and extraordinary courage. This absorbing biography traces her life from childhood years in slavery, through her escape and subsequent work on the Underground Railroad, ending with her final years. Powerful historical images and age-appropriate text supply solid social studies content. Fact-filled sidebars and a timeline enhance the reading experience.

harriet tubman dbq: AP Us Hist 2016 John J. Newman, 2016-01-01 Equip your students to excel on the AP® United States History Exam, as updated for 2016 Features flexibility designed to use in a one-semester or one-year course divided into nine chronological periods mirroring the structure of the new AP® U.S. College Board Curriculum Framework, the text reflects the Board's effort to focus on trends rather than isolated facts each period features a one-page overview summarizing the major developments of the period and lists the three featured Key Concepts from the College Board Curriculum Framework each Think As a Historian feature focuses on one of the nine historical thinking skills that the AP® exam will test each chapter narrative concludes with Historical Perspectives, a feature that addresses the College Board emphasis on how historians have interpreted the events of the chapter in various ways the chapter conclusion features a list of key terms, people, and events organized by theme, reflecting the College Board's focus on asking students to identify themes, not just events chapter assessments include eight multiple-choice items, each tied to a source as on the new AP® exam, as well as four short-answer questions period reviews include both long-essay questions and Document-Based Questions in the format of those on the AP® exam, as updated for 2016

harriet tubman dbq: Gateway to Freedom: The Hidden History of the Underground Railroad Eric Foner, 2015-01-19 The dramatic story of fugitive slaves and the antislavery activists who defied the law to help them reach freedom. More than any other scholar, Eric Foner has influenced our understanding of America's history. Now, making brilliant use of extraordinary evidence, the Pulitzer Prize-winning historian once again reconfigures the national saga of American slavery and freedom. A deeply entrenched institution, slavery lived on legally and commercially even in the northern states that had abolished it after the American Revolution. Slaves could be found in the streets of New York well after abolition, traveling with owners doing business with the city's major banks, merchants, and manufacturers. New York was also home to the North's largest free black community, making it a magnet for fugitive slaves seeking refuge. Slave catchers and gangs of kidnappers roamed the city, seizing free blacks, often children, and sending them south to slavery. To protect fugitives and fight kidnappings, the city's free blacks worked with white abolitionists to organize the New York Vigilance Committee in 1835. In the 1840s vigilance committees proliferated throughout the North and began collaborating to dispatch fugitive slaves from the upper South, Washington, and Baltimore, through Philadelphia and New York, to Albany, Syracuse, and Canada. These networks of antislavery resistance, centered on New York City, became known as the underground railroad. Forced to operate in secrecy by hostile laws, courts, and politicians, the city's underground-railroad agents helped more than 3,000 fugitive slaves reach freedom between 1830 and 1860. Until now, their stories have remained largely unknown, their significance little understood. Building on fresh evidence—including a detailed record of slave escapes secretly kept

by Sydney Howard Gay, one of the key organizers in New York—Foner elevates the underground railroad from folklore to sweeping history. The story is inspiring—full of memorable characters making their first appearance on the historical stage—and significant—the controversy over fugitive slaves inflamed the sectional crisis of the 1850s. It eventually took a civil war to destroy American slavery, but here at last is the story of the courageous effort to fight slavery by practical abolition, person by person, family by family.

harriet tubman dbq: *American Women* Library of Congress, 2001 Description This important publication is designed to introduce researchers to the opportunities for discovering American women's history and culture at the library of Congress. Covers materials such as textual sources, films, sound recordings, prints and photographs, and other audio or visual material. Intended for academics, advanced graduate students, genealogists, documentary filmmakers, set and costume designers, artists, actors, novelists, photo researchers, and general readers.

harriet tubman dbq: *Bound for the Promised Land* Kate Clifford Larson, 2009-02-19 The essential, "richly researched"* biography of Harriet Tubman, revealing a complex woman who "led a remarkable life, one that her race, her sex, and her origins make all the more extraordinary" (*The New York Times Book Review). Harriet Tubman is one of the giants of American history—a fearless visionary who led scores of her fellow slaves to freedom and battled courageously behind enemy lines during the Civil War. Now, in this magnificent biography, historian Kate Clifford Larson gives us a powerful, intimate, meticulously detailed portrait of Tubman and her times. Drawing from a trove of new documents and sources as well as extensive genealogical data, Larson presents Harriet Tubman as a complete human being—brilliant, shrewd, deeply religious, and passionate in her pursuit of freedom. A true American hero, Tubman was also a woman who loved, suffered, and sacrificed. Praise for *Bound for the Promised Land* "[Bound for the Promised Land] appropriately reads like fiction, for Tubman's exploits required such intelligence, physical stamina and pure fearlessness that only a very few would have even contemplated the feats that she actually undertook. . . . Larson captures Tubman's determination and seeming imperviousness to pain and suffering, coupled with an extraordinary selflessness and caring for others."—The Seattle Times "Essential for those interested in Tubman and her causes . . . Larson does an especially thorough job of . . . uncovering relevant documents, some of them long hidden by history and neglect."—The Plain Dealer "Larson has captured Harriet Tubman's clandestine nature . . . reading Ms. Larson made me wonder if Tubman is not, in fact, the greatest spy this country has ever produced."—The New York Sun

harriet tubman dbq: *Harriet Tubman* George Sullivan, 2002 Using a variety of primary sources, this biography of Harriet Tubman describes the life of a former slave who was responsible for helping many other slaves to freedom.

harriet tubman dbq: *Harriet Tubman* Gillian Houghton Gosman, 2011-01-15 A biography of Harriet Tubman.

harriet tubman dbq: *DK Life Stories: Harriet Tubman* Kitson Jazynka, 2019-10-01 Discover the inspirational tale of this revolutionary abolitionist, Harriet Tubman. Journey back in time to the hardship days of American slavery, where slaves were brutally prosecuted daily and yearned for their freedom. Uncover the heroic tale of Harriet Tubman, an inspirational and fearless abolitionist who helped many slaves secure their freedom in this gripping and educational children's biography. This motivational history book uncovers the trials and tribulations of Harriet Tubman's life story, and teaches children about the atrocities of that period, endurance and bravery of the human character. Here's what's inside: • The story is the driver here. Follow Harriet's tale chapter by chapter as the author unveils not just the facts, but also what Harriet was thinking and feeling — when appropriate, in her own words. There are 12 chapters in total • Full-page quotes and photo galleries scattered throughout the book keep the momentum going, helping reluctant readers along as they navigate this chaptered book • Authors are carefully chosen to ensure the voice and tone are exactly right A force to be reckoned with; Harriet Tubman was a nurse, scout, and advisor during the American Civil War. Harriet co-led the Combahee River Raid, in which 700 slaves were freed. After the war,

she continued with her revolutionary plights and became involved in the fight that allowed women the right to vote, and opened a retirement home for sick and elderly African Americans. This biography contains full-color photographs and hand-drawn illustrations that complement the age-appropriate narrative text to create an engaging book that children will enjoy reading. Definition boxes, information sidebars, maps, inspiring quotes and other nonfiction text features add extra depth. The convenient, easy-to-follow reference section at the back of the book makes this a great resource for children, teachers and librarians. DK Life Stories biography series goes beyond the basic facts to tell the true-life stories of history's most interesting people. Each book includes an author's introduction letter as well as a glossary, timeline, family tree, quiz and index. Add Life Stories: Anne Frank or Life Stories: Martin Luther King Jr. to your collection!

harriet tubman dbq: *Midnight Rising* Tony Horwitz, 2011-10-25 A New York Times Notable Book for 2011 A Library Journal Top Ten Best Books of 2011 A Boston Globe Best Nonfiction Book of 2011 Bestselling author Tony Horwitz tells the electrifying tale of the daring insurrection that put America on the path to bloody war. Plotted in secret, launched in the dark, John Brown's raid on Harpers Ferry was a pivotal moment in U.S. history. But few Americans know the true story of the men and women who launched a desperate strike at the slaveholding South. Now, *Midnight Rising* portrays Brown's uprising in vivid color, revealing a country on the brink of explosive conflict. Brown, the descendant of New England Puritans, saw slavery as a sin against America's founding principles. Unlike most abolitionists, he was willing to take up arms, and in 1859 he prepared for battle at a hideout in Maryland, joined by his teenage daughter, three of his sons, and a guerrilla band that included former slaves and a dashing spy. On October 17, the raiders seized Harpers Ferry, stunning the nation and prompting a counterattack led by Robert E. Lee. After Brown's capture, his defiant eloquence galvanized the North and appalled the South, which considered Brown a terrorist. The raid also helped elect Abraham Lincoln, who later began to fulfill Brown's dream with the Emancipation Proclamation, a measure he called a John Brown raid, on a gigantic scale. Tony Horwitz's riveting book travels antebellum America to deliver both a taut historical drama and a telling portrait of a nation divided—a time that still resonates in ours.

harriet tubman dbq: *Harriet Tubman* Beverly Lowry, 2008-06-10 From the award-winning novelist and biographer Beverly Lowry comes an astonishing re-imagining of the remarkable life of Harriet Tubman, the "Moses of Her People." Tubman was an escaped slave, lumberjack, laundress, raid leader, nurse, fund-raiser, cook, intelligence gatherer, Underground Railroad organizer, and abolitionist. In *Harriet Tubman*, Lowry creates a portrait enriched with lively imagined vignettes that transform the legendary icon into flesh and blood. We travel with Tubman on slave-freeing raids in the heart of the Confederacy, along the treacherous route of the Underground Railroad, and onto the battlefields of the Civil War. Integrating extensive research and interviews with scholars and historians into a rich and mesmerizing chronicle, Lowry brings an American hero to life as never before.

harriet tubman dbq: *Mother Jones* Judith Pinkerton Josephson, 1997-01-01 A biography of Mary Harris Jones, the union organizer who worked tirelessly for the rights of workers.

harriet tubman dbq: *Harriet Tubman* Rae Bains, 2006 The biography of a slave whose flight to freedom was the first step in her becoming a conductor on the underground railroad.

harriet tubman dbq: *Harriet Tubman, The Moses of Her People* Sarah H. Bradford, 2022-11-13 Harriet Tubman, born Araminta Ross, (c. 1822 - 1913) was an American abolitionist, humanitarian, and an armed scout and spy for the United States Army during the American Civil War. Born into slavery, Tubman escaped and subsequently made some thirteen missions to rescue approximately seventy enslaved people, family and friends, using the network of antislavery activists and safe houses known as the Underground Railroad. Sarah Hopkins Bradford (1818 - 1912) was an American writer and historian, best known today for her two pioneering biographical books on Harriet Tubman. Bradford was one of the first Caucasian writers to deal with African-American topics, and her work attracted worldwide fame, selling very well. Contents: Scenes in the Life of Harriet Tubman Some Scenes in the Life of Harriet Tubman Extracts From a Letter Written by Mr.

Sanborn, Secretary of the Massachusetts Board of State Charities Statements Made by Martin I. Townsend, Esq., of Troy, Who Was Counsel for the Fugitive, Charles Nalle Essay on Woman-whipping Harriet: the Moses of Her People Some Additional Incidents in the Life of Harriet Fugitive Slave Rescue in Troy

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Earl Conrad, 1943 Born a slave, she spent her life trying to free her people from bondage.

harriet tubman dbq: Discourse on Woman Lucretia Mott, 1850 This lecture by Mott, delivered 17 December 1849, was in response to one by an unidentified lecturer criticizing the demand for equal rights for women. She makes a very gentle appeal, here, for women's enfranchisement, placing emphasis, instead on the injustices done to women in marriage.

harriet tubman dbq: *"They Say"* James West Davidson, 2008-07-21 Between 1880 and 1930, Southern mobs hanged, burned, and otherwise tortured to death at least 3,300 African Americans. And yet the rest of the nation largely ignored the horror of lynching or took it for granted, until a young schoolteacher from Tennessee raised her voice. Her name was Ida B. Wells. In *They Say*, historian James West Davidson recounts the first thirty years of this passionate woman's life--as well as the story of the great struggle over the meaning of race in post-emancipation America. Davidson captures the breathtaking, often chaotic changes that swept the South as Wells grew up in Holly Springs, Mississippi: the spread of education among the free blacks, the rise of political activism, the bitter struggles for equality in the face of entrenched social custom. As Wells came of age she moved to bustling Memphis, eager to worship at the city's many churches (black and white), to take elocution lessons and perform Shakespeare at evening soirées, to court and spark with the young men taken by her beauty. But Wells' quest for fulfillment was thwarted as whites increasingly used race as a barrier separating African Americans from mainstream America. Davidson traces the crosscurrents of these cultural conflicts through Ida Wells' forceful personality. When a conductor threw her off a train for not retreating to the segregated car, she sued the railroad--and won. When she protested conditions in the segregated Memphis schools, she was fired--and took up full-time journalism. And in 1892, when an explosive lynching rocked Memphis, she embarked full-blown on the career for which she is now remembered, as an outspoken writer and lecturer against lynching. Richly researched and deftly written, *They Say* offers a gripping portrait of the young Ida B. Wells, shedding light not only on how one black American defined her own aspirations and her people's freedom, but also on the changing meaning of race in America.

harriet tubman dbq: *When the World Ended* Emma LeConte, 1987-01-01 I wonder if the new year is to bring us new miseries and sufferings, seventeen-year-old Emma LeConte wrote in her diary on December 31, 1864. In fact, the worst was yet to come. Her later entries portray the city of Columbia, South Carolina, like much of the South, under the grip of Sherman's army. No reader of this diary is likely to forget the defiant, well-bred Emma, who describes a family's anxieties and brave attempts to get on with life while the Civil War rages around them.

harriet tubman dbq: *A Picture Book of Harriet Tubman* David A. Adler, 1992 Biography of the black woman who escaped from slavery to become famous as a conductor on the Underground Railroad.

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Laurie Calkhoven, 2008 An introduction to the life of Harriet Tubman, who spent her childhood in slavery and later worked to help other slaves escape north to freedom through the Underground Railroad.

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman and the Underground Railroad Dan Elish, 1993 A biography of the African American woman who escaped from slavery, led slaves to freedom on the Underground Railroad, aided Northern troops during the Civil War, and worked for women's suffrage.

harriet tubman dbq: *Harriet Tubman* James A. McGowan, William C. Kashatus, 2011-02-02 This concise biography of Harriet Tubman, the African American abolitionist, explores her various roles as an Underground Railroad conductor, Civil War scout and nurse, and women's rights advocate. The legendary Moses of the Underground Railroad, Harriet Tubman was a fiery and

tenacious abolitionist who organized and led African American military operations deep in the Confederacy. *Harriet Tubman: A Biography* relates the life story of this extraordinary woman, standing as a testament to her tenacity, drive, intelligence, and courage. In telling the remarkable story of Tubman's life, the biography examines her early years as Araminta Ross (her birth name), her escape from slavery, her activities as an Underground Railroad conductor, her involvement in the Civil War, and her role as a champion of women's rights. The book places its heroine in the broad context of her time and the movements in which she was involved, and the narrative shifts between the contextual and the personal to give the reader a strong understanding of Tubman as a woman who was shaped by, and helped to shape, the time in which she lived.

harriet tubman dbq: Harriet Tubman Jean M. Humez, 2006-02-06 Harriet Tubman's name is known world-wide and her exploits as a self-liberated Underground Railroad heroine are celebrated in children's literature, film, and history books, yet no major biography of Tubman has appeared since 1943. Jean M. Humez's comprehensive *Harriet Tubman* is both an important biographical overview based on extensive new research and a complete collection of the stories Tubman told about her life—a virtual autobiography culled by Humez from rare early publications and manuscript sources. This book will become a landmark resource for scholars, historians, and general readers interested in slavery, the Underground Railroad, the Civil War, and African American women. Born in slavery in Maryland in or around 1820, Tubman drew upon deep spiritual resources and covert antislavery networks when she escaped to the north in 1849. Vowing to liberate her entire family, she made repeated trips south during the 1850s and successfully guided dozens of fugitives to freedom. During the Civil War she was recruited to act as spy and scout with the Union Army. After the war she settled in Auburn, New York, where she worked to support an extended family and in her later years founded a home for the indigent aged. Celebrated by her primarily white antislavery associates in a variety of private and public documents from the 1850s through the 1870s, she was rediscovered as a race heroine by woman suffragists and the African American women's club movement in the early twentieth century. Her story was used as a key symbolic resource in education, institutional fundraising, and debates about the meaning of race throughout the twentieth century. Humez includes an extended discussion of Tubman's work as a public performer of her own life history during the nearly sixty years she lived in the north. Drawing upon historiographical and literary discussion of the complex hybrid authorship of slave narrative literature, Humez analyzes the interactive dynamic between Tubman and her interviewers. Humez illustrates how Tubman, though unable to write, made major unrecognized contributions to the shaping of her own heroic myth by early biographers like Sarah Bradford. Selections of key documents illustrate how Tubman appeared to her contemporaries, and a comprehensive list of primary sources represents an important resource for scholars.

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